

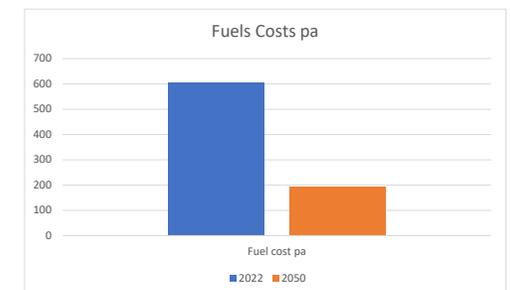
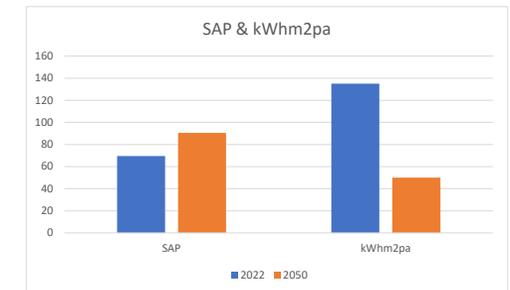
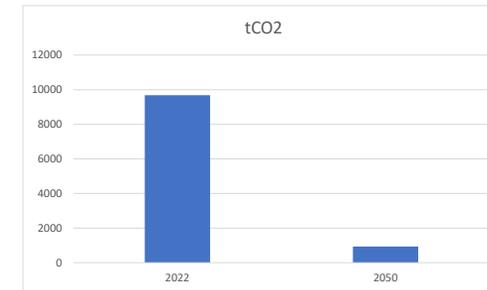
Somerset West and Taunton

Members Briefing Low Carbon Retrofit Strategy & Delivery Plan (SWT Council Homes)

1st September 2022

Chris Brown

c.brown@somersetwestandtaunton.gov.uk



Presentation

1. Report and Timeline
2. What is retrofit
3. SWT homes - baseline position
4. Targets & target setting
5. Delivering on targets

Cutting to the chase

- **The strategy sets the following targets**
 - 2030 – All SWT homes to be EPC C
 - 2040 – SWT Homes to achieve a Heat Demand output of 50 kWh/m²/yr or less
 - 2050 – All homes zero carbon – Fuel switch
- **The Strategy will be delivery by;**
 - Aligning Decent Homes and Retrofit investment
 - Maximising Grants and Subsidy (where aligned to the strategy)
 - Ensuring Good Data Influences Decisions
 - Tenants at the Heart of Zero Carbon
 - a No regrets approach

Report and Timeline – Report Content

Somerset West
and Taunton

Cover Report

Strategy document – Low Carbon Retrofit Strategy and delivery Plan 2022-2028

Appendix 1 - Delivery Plan Timeline

Appendix 2 – Architype Studies

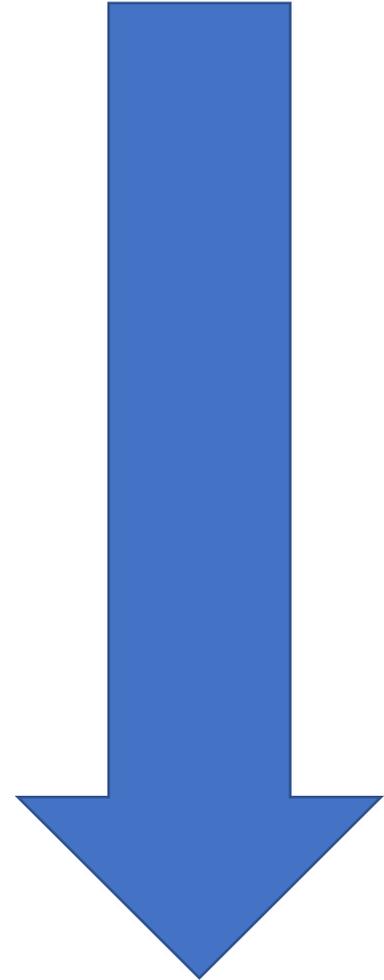
Appendix 3 – Parity Portfolio Data

Appendix 4 – Equality Impact Assessment

Somerset West
and Taunton

Report & Timeline - Timeline

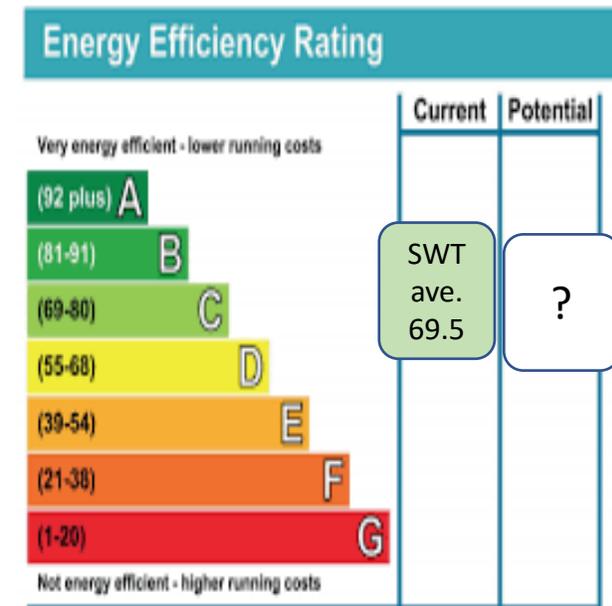
- July Dec Tenants Low Carbon Working group
- August Presentation to Portfolio Holders
Housing and Climate Change
Presentation to SMT
- September Members Briefing
Informal Executive
- October Community Scrutiny
- November Executive Committee
- December Full Council
- [SWT endorsement?](#)



What is low carbon retrofit

Government require action on climate change;

- Social landlords to achieve EPC C or better (B, A) as measured through the Standards Assessment Procedure (SAP) for all households in their homes suffering from fuel poverty by **2030**.
- Climate Change Act 2019 committed the UK to a legally binding target of net zero by **2050**



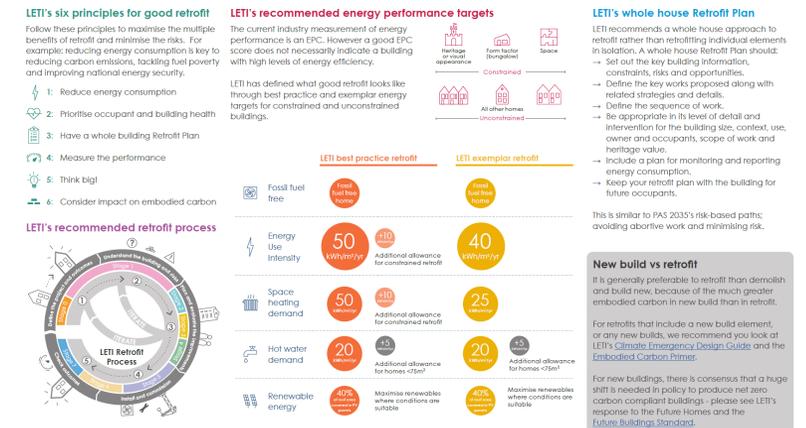
What is low carbon retrofit

- Retrofit is the process of making changes to existing buildings so that energy consumption and emissions are reduced.
- SWT retrofit strategy builds on some of the knowledge and experience of leading organisations such as the London Energy Transformation Initiative (LETI) and the Good Homes Alliance.
- The strategy endorses the LETI definition of retrofit;

‘Retrofit isn’t just about reducing carbon emissions. A best practice retrofit should reduce fuel bills and also improve health and wellbeing. Retrofit at scale would also generate significant employment opportunities and stimulate the economy’.

A blueprint for retrofitting the UK’s homes to meet the climate challenge

A policymaker’s summary of the LETI Climate Emergency Retrofit Guide



SWT stock baseline

- c5700 existing homes (50% houses, 35% apartments, 15% bungalows)
- 14 architypes (80% conventional construction architype (brick built cavity wall))
- c450 leasehold properties
- 1000 new zero carbon homes over the next 28 years (101 on site + 59 new starts late 2022)
- Loss of stock through Right to Buy and some stock will reach its end of life

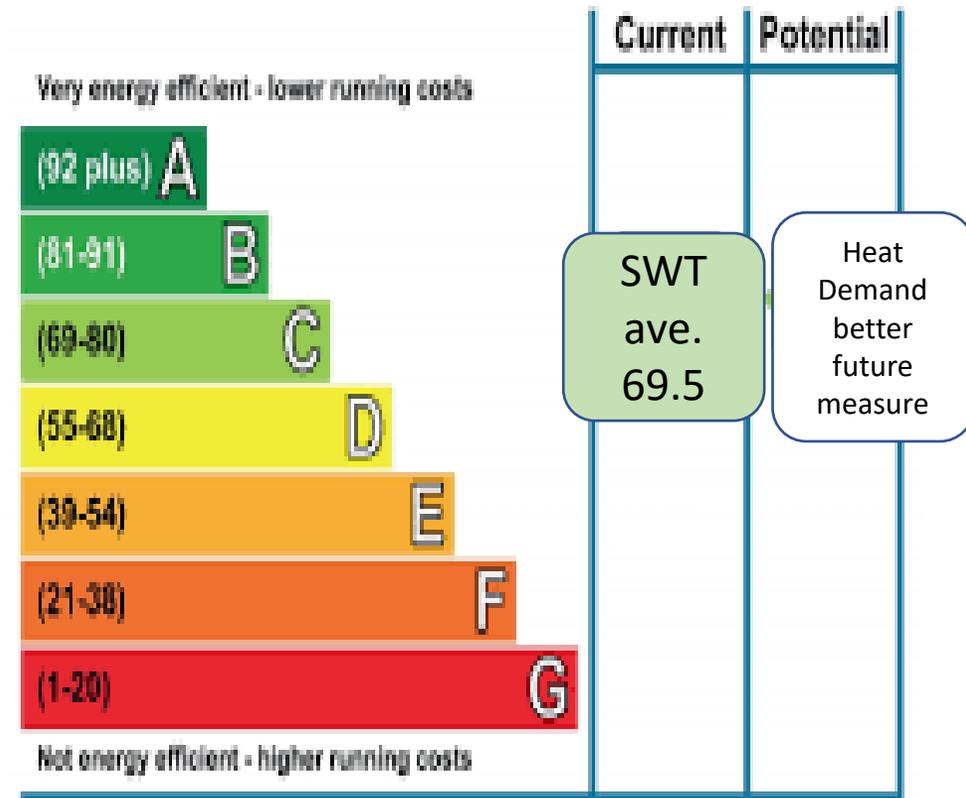
Architype	SWT Units
Conventional	4417
Easiform	407
Cornish PRC	359
Woolaway*	218
Airy	24
BISF	77
HSG REV AC	1
Relocat	10
Special PP	3
Rema PRC	43
Stanard WIC	8
Tru-steel	24
Concrete	63
Timber	52
	5706

* Some woolaways are currently under demolition

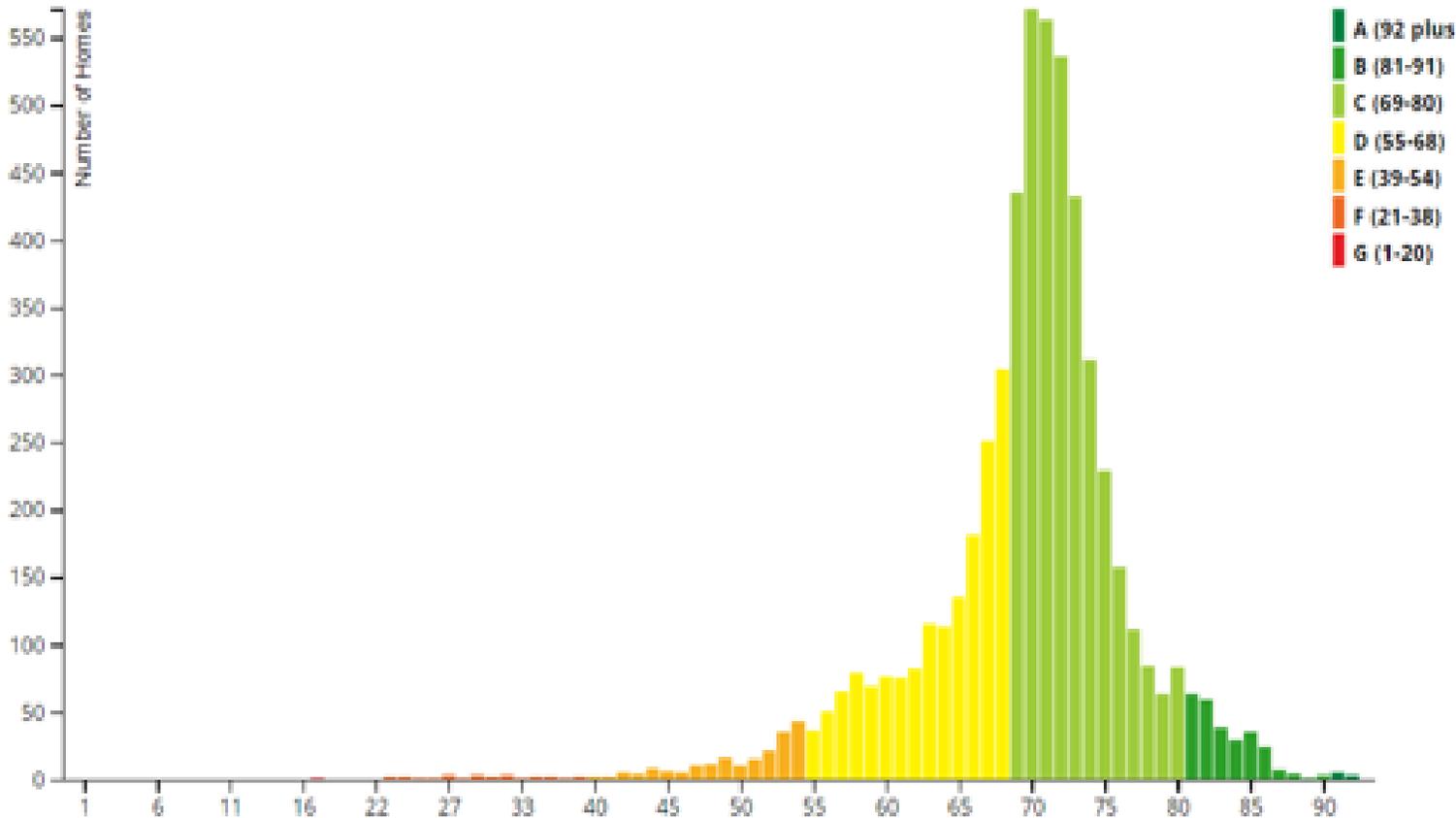
SWT stock baseline

- Average stock rating EPC C (SAP 69.5)
- Stock currently releases 9,860 tCO₂ pa (landlord controllable components not tenants electrical appliances)
- Average Heat Demand per property is 170 kWh/m²/yr
- 1851 of the c5700 homes EPC Band D, E, F, G

Energy Efficiency Rating



SWT stock baseline



A	8
B	263
C	3575
D	1631
E	193
F	26
G	1

Creating Pathways to Zero Carbon

- 12 Architypes studies covering 96% of SWT stock
- Pathways help understand the optimum approach for each property type
- Heat demand below 50 kWh/m²/yr will reduce energy consumption to 9,685 tCO₂ pa to 3,587 tCO₂ pa (63% reduction)
- Fuel switch away from fossil fuel will ensure zero carbon

Architype	% of SMT Stock	Heat demand Baseline (kWh/m ² /yr)	2040 Heat demand 2050 (kWh/M ² /yr)	% improvement
1 Conventional House	77.40%	64	49.75	129%
2 Conventional Apartment		187	25	748%
3 Conventional Bungalow		188	41.25	456%
4 Woolaway House semi	3.80%	TBC	TBC	TBC
5 Woolaway House Terrace		TBC	TBC	TBC
6 Cornish House	6.30%	TBC	TBC	TBC
7 Cornish Apartment		TBC	TBC	TBC
8 Cornish bungalow		TBC	TBC	TBC
9 Easiform House		TBC	TBC	TBC
10 Easiform Apartment	7.10%	TBC	TBC	TBC
11 Easiform maisonete		TBC	TBC	TBC
12 BISF house		TBC	TBC	TBC
	95.90%	146	39	444%

VOR Architype Pathway – Conventional Semi (Cavity Wall) target = 49.75kWhm²pa (no floor intervention)

Property: 1 Ludlow Ave	Baseline	Fabric <90 kWh/m ²	EPC-B	EPC-A
EPC Information		EW/DOORS & WINDOWS/APS0/MEV	...plus PV	...plus FLOOR/ASHP/MVHR/APS0
Existing EPC	E-48			
Full SAP EPC Rating	E-48	C-73	B-89	A-95
Final Heat Demand (kWh/m ² /year)	193	49.75	49.75	25
Floor U-Value	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.18
Wall U-Value (Sys Build)		0.2	0.2	0.2
Roof U-Value	2.4	0.13	0.13	0.13
Door U-Value	2.85	1.2	1.2	1.2
Window U-Value	2.7	1.2	1.2	1.2
Air Tightness	9.78	5	5	3
Solar PV KWP			3	3
ASHP				YES
Ventilation Type	IEV	MEV	MEV	MVHR
Thermal Efficiency				90%

Creating Pathways Example 1

VOR Architype Pathway – Conventional Semi (Cavity Wall) target = 49.75kWhm²pa (no floor intervention)

Property: Ave	Baseline	Fabric <90 kWh/m ²	EPC-B	EPC-A
EPC Information		EWI/DOORS & WINDOWS/AP50/MEV	...plus PV	...plus FLOOR/ASHP/MVHR/AP50
Existing EPC	E-48			
Full SAP EPC Rating	E-48	C-73	B-89	A-95
Final Heat Demand (kWh/m ² /year)	193	49.75	49.75	25
Floor U Value	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.18
Wall U-Value (Sys Build)	2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Roof U-Value	2.4	0.13	0.13	0.13
Door U-Value	2.85	1.2	1.2	1.2
Window U-Value	2.7	1.2	1.2	1.2
Air Tightness	9.78	5	5	3
Solar PV KWP			3	3
ASHP				YES
Ventilation Type	IEV	MEV	MEV	MVHR
Thermal Efficiency				90%

Creating Pathways Example 2

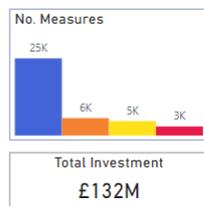
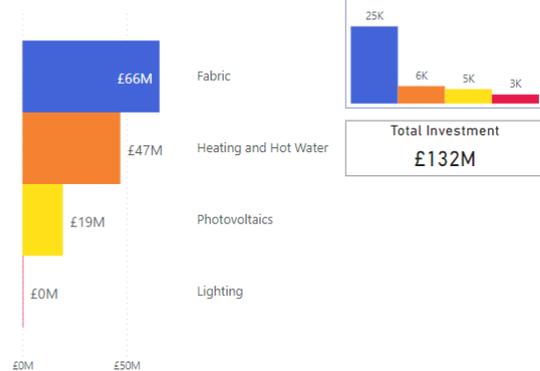
VOR Architype Pathway – Conventional Bungalow (Cavity Wall) target = 42.25wKhm2pa with floors improved during void works

Property: 	Baseline	Fabric <90 kWh/m ²	EPC-B	EPC-A
EPC Information		EWI/DOORS & WINDOWS/AP50/MEV	...plus PV	...plus FLOOR/MVHR
Existing EPC	E-43			
Full SAP EPC Rating	E-45	C-73	B-91	A-96
Final Heat Demand (kWh/m ² /year)	188	83.25	83.25	41.25
Floor U Value	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.18
Wall U-Value	1.55	0.18	0.18	0.18
Roof U-Value	0.27	0.13	0.13	0.13
Door U-Value	3.05/4.5*	1.2	1.2	1.2
Window U-Value	2.8	1.2	1.2	1.2
Air Tightness	6.57	3	3	3
Solar PV KWP			2.5	2.5
ASHP	YES**	YES**	YES**	YES**
Ventilation Type	IEV	MEV	MEV	MVHR
Thermal Efficiency				90%

Parity Software - Scenarios & Costings

- Database
- Scenario Modelling Software
- Costings tool

Total Investment



Fabric and Heating Investment



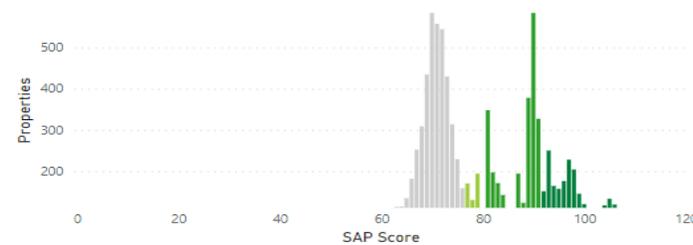
Category	Total Investment	No. Measures	Average Cost
Fabric	£65,838,982	25,117	£2,621
Heating and Hot Water	£47,032,740	5,693	£8,262
Photovoltaics	£19,432,622	4,712	£4,124
Lighting	£95,277	2,955	£32
Total	£132,399,621	38,477	£3,441

Category	Total Investment	No. Measures	Average Cost
Fabric, Heating & Hot Water	£21,023	77	£273
Draughts	£54,600	26	£2,100
Separate Conservatories	£95,277	2,955	£32
Ventilation	£487,418	179	£2,723
Roofs	£1,592,808	3,324	£479
Floors	£8,757,392	4,492	£1,950
Walls	£25,677,212	8,359	£3,072
Glazing	£29,248,529	8,660	£3,377
Total	£65,934,259	28,072	£2,349

The screenshot displays the Parity Software interface with various data visualization tools. On the left, there are filter panels for Scenario Name, EIS Band, Property Area Band, and Property Type. The main area is divided into several sections: 'Scenario / Pathway KPIs' showing a grid of performance metrics; 'CO2 and Future CO2 Figures' showing a grid of carbon footprint data; and three scatter plots: 'Average SAP Saving vs £ per property', 'KgCO2 Saving vs £ per property', and 'kWh/m2 Saving vs £ per property'. Each scatter plot shows the relationship between investment cost and energy performance metrics for various scenarios.

SAP

Before SAP in grey. After SAP in colour



Starting Av. SAP
69.5
Av. SAP Improvement
21.3
Final Av. SAP
90.8
No. Missing Target
691
No. with worse resulting SAP
22

Heating Costs



Starting Av. Heating £
£488
Av. Heating £ Improvement
£139
Final Av. Heating £
£349
Maximum Heating £
£659
No. with increased Heating £
230

Individual Property Assessments



PAS 2035 Assessments & Design

- PAS 2035 is a process of assessment and design aimed at de-risking retrofit
- All SWT homes receiving grant for retrofit will have a PAS 2035 Assessment/Survey
- TrustMark certified contractors will be appointed to deliver much of the works
- Retrofit works will be designed into properties to avoid problems such as damp and mould, cold bridging.



Post works inspection and monitoring

- Assessment to understand the difference works have made
- Greater use of SMART controls for tenants and remote technology for the landlord



Targets & Delivery

Targets & Delivery - Targets

- **2030 – All SWT homes to be EPC C**
 - 1851 currently missing target
 - Enhanced investment in PAS and other surveys
 - 1300 homes to EPC C through small measures – windows, heating replacement, loft insulation, boiler controls
 - 300 homes whole house interventions
 - Improved SWT decent homes specification
 - 223 properties are at risk of not achieving this target
- **2040 – SWT Homes to achieve a Heat Demand output of 50 kWh/m²/yr or less**
 - Circa 4000 homes at risk of missing the target
 - Fabric First Approach primarily through windows replacement and Wall insulation
 - Leaseholder engagement will be critical to deliver improvements to apartment blocks
 - 664 homes at risk of missing this target
- **2050 – All homes zero carbon**
 - c4500 homes using fossil fuel at 2022
 - SWT has c 1,170 Electric heating systems inc. c650 ASHP
 - No SWT homes to use Fossil Fuel by 2050
 - Electric Heat and power through Grid or onsite communal or property renewable heat an power
 - 664 homes at risk of missing this target

Why Fabric First?

2022 Home

2030 SWT Home

2040 SWT Home

2050 SWT Home

Total Carbon



9,860 tCO₂pa



c9,500 tCO₂pa



3,587 tCO₂pa



0 tCO₂pa

Heat Demand



170 kWh/m²/yr



135 kWh/m²/yr



50 kWh/m²/yr



50 kWh/m²/yr

Fuel Reduction /
Affordability



N/A



c1300 properties slight
improvement, 300 properties
significant improvement



70% reduction
on average



70% reduction
on average

Properties using
Fossil Fuel



c4330



c4000



c3200



0

Delivering – 5 main themes

1. Alignment of Decent Homes and Retrofit investment
2. Maximise Grants and Subsidy (where aligned to the strategy)
3. Ensure Good Data influences Decisions
4. Tenants at the Heart of Zero Carbon
5. No regrets approach

Delivering – funding 2022-2026

1. Decent Homes monies c£11.2m for retrofit enhancements
2. 2022 Wave 1 SHDF £370k
3. 2023-2025 Wave 2 SHDF – preparing a bid c£2m-£4m (430-830 homes) –To be finalised Oct 2022
4. 2022-2026 Neighbourhood focused whole house approach with one of the five large energy Companies and a contractor (£25m commitment social & private homes (c250+ SWT home est. c£5m-£7m) –To be finalised Sept 2022
5. £50k to support a show house from Centre for Sustainable Environment (CSE)

Thank You
Any Question

c.brown@somersetwestandtaunton.gov.uk